SAFETY DATA SHEET

Zettex X20M Aerosol

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of t	he substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	Zettex X20M Aerosol
Product number	102588, 102586
Container size	500ml
REACH registration notes	All chemicals used in this product have been registered under REACH where required.
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Adhesive.
Uses advised against	Flexible PVC due to the risk of plasticiser migration.
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	he safety data sheet
Supplier	Zettex Europe BV Plaza 20 4782 SK Moerdijk The Nederlands Tel: +31 888 938839 Fax: +31 888 938888 info@zettex.nl
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber
Emergency telephone	Zettex Europe BV 031 (0) 888 938 839 (Mon-Fri 09:00-17:00)
SECTION 2: Hazards identific	ation
2.1. Classification of the subst	
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Physical hazards	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229
Health hazards	STOT SE 3 - H336
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411
2.2. Label elements	
Pictogram	
	× v
Signal word	Danger

Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements	 P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261 Avoid breathing spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Contains	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane, PENTANE
Supplementary precautionary statements	 P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

2.3. Other hazards

Containers should be thoroughly emptied before disposal because of the risk of an explosion. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and dermatitis. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures		
Hydrocarbons C6-C7, n-alkanes,	, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-	30-609
hexane		
CAS number: —	EC number: 926-605-8	REACH registration number: 01-
		2119486291-36-0000
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		
PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFI	ED: PETROLEUM GAS	10-309
<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE		
CAS number: 68476-85-7	EC number: 270-704-2	
Classification		
Flam. Gas 1 - H220		
Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280		

PENTANE		5-10%
CAS number: 109-66-0	EC number: 203-692-4	REACH registration number: 01- 2119459286-30-0000
Classification Flam. Liq. 1 - H224 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		
The Full Text for all R-Phras	es and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Se	ection 16.
Composition comments	CAS 68476-85-7 - Petroleum Gas, The sub butadiene, meaning that the full harmonised 1A H350 does not apply.	stance contains less than 0.1% w/w 1,3- d classification regarding Muta. 1B H340 and Card
SECTION 4: First aid measu	ires	
4.1. Description of first aid m	leasures	
General information	Move affected person to fresh air at once. S personnel.	Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep breathing. Keep affected person under obse respiration. Get medical attention immediate	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get me	dical attention. Do not induce vomiting.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately attention if any discomfort continues.	/ and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical
Eye contact		nove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide tes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after t force eyelids apart.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate	protective equipment during any rescue.
4.2. Most important sympton	ns and effects, both acute and delayed	
General information		I vary dependent on the concentration and the d contact with solvents over a long period may lea
Inhalation		pressure. Overexposure to organic solvents may ng dizziness and intoxication and, at very high n.
ngestion	Ingestion may cause severe irritation of the tract.	mouth, the oesophagus and the gastrointestinal
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause redness, irrita on skin.	ation and dry skin. Product has a defatting effect
	Irritating to eyes. Profuse watering of the ey	/es.
Eye contact		
Eye contact 4.3. Indication of any immed	iate medical attention and special treatment ne	eded
-	iate medical attention and special treatment ne Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical	

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Water spray, dry powder or carbon dioxide. Alcohol-resistant foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
media	
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Forms explosive mixtures with air. May explode when heated or when exposed to flames or sparks. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous combustion products	Oxides of carbon. Acrid smoke or fumes.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.
SECTION 6: Accidental releas	e measures
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin contact. Do not breathe vapour/spray.
For non-emergency personnel	For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
For emergency responders	For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
6.2. Environmental precaution	<u>S</u>
Environmental precautions	Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material.
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Collect spillage for reclamation or disposal in sealed containers via a licensed waste contractor. Avoid water contacting spilled material or leaking containers. Approach the spillage from upwind. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.
6.4. Reference to other section	<u>15</u>
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	ling
Usage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Do not use in confined spaces without

adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Advice on general occupational hygiene	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not smoke in work area. Clean equipment and the work area every day.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage	e, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Storage class	Extremely Flammable Aerosol
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
SECTION 8: Exposure contro	ls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS <0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³

PENTANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1800 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Ingredient comments

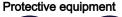
WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

PENTANE (CAS: 109-66-0)

DNEL

Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 432 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 3 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 214 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 643 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 214 mg/kg/day

8.2. Exposure controls







Appropriate engineering controls



Provide adequate ventilation. Ensure that the direction of airflow is clearly away from the worker. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Personal protection Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye and face protection.

Eye/face protectionWear chemical splash goggles. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection
should comply with European Standard EN166.

SECTION 9: Physical and ch	
Environmental exposure controls	Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.
Respiratory protection	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. In confined or poorly- ventilated spaces, a supplied-air respirator must be worn. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Gas filter, type AX.
Hygiene measures	Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.
Other skin and body protection	Provide eyewash station. Avoid contact with skin. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
Hand protection	To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. (PE/PA/PE), 2.5mil (0.06mm), >480 min. Nitrile rubber. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent changes are recommended. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected.

clear or blue. lydrocarbons. lata lacking. H (concentrated solution): 7 lot available.
ata lacking. H (concentrated solution): 7
H (concentrated solution): 7
lot available.
lydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane: 75-90°C entane: 35°C
flash point method is not available but the major hazardous component, the Propellant has flash point of <-60°C with flammability limits of 10.9% vol. upper and 1.4% vol. lower.
lot available.
iquid base: 0.80 @ 20°C
lot applicable.
nsoluble in water.

Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Liquid base: 100-200 cP @ 20°C
Explosive properties	In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Yes In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.
9.2. Other information	
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 548 g/l.
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Highly volatile.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Will not polymerise. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Avoid the accumulation of vapours in low or confined areas.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	on products
Hazardous decomposition products	Oxides of carbon.
SECTION 11: Toxicological int	formation
11.1. Information on toxicologi	cal effects
General information	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent

	health problems.
Inhalation	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems. May cause inhalation hypersensitivity (occupational asthma) in sensitive individuals. Vapours in high concentrations are anaesthetic. Vapours and spray/mists in high concentrations may be fatal.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause severe irritation of the mouth, the oesophagus and the gastrointestinal tract. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.
Acute and chronic health hazards	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems. Frequent inhalation of vapours may cause respiratory allergy.
Route of exposure	Inhalation Skin absorption
Target organs	Central nervous system Respiratory system, lungs Skin
Medical symptoms	Narcotic effect. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Skin corrosion/irritation		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Irritating to skin.	
Serious eye damage/irritat	ion	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
General information	The product irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal discomfort if swallowed.	
PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS <0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE		
Toxicological effects	Information given is based on product data, a knowledge of the components and	

Toxicological effects	Information given is based on product data, a knowledge of the components and the toxicology of similar products.	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Not applicable.	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Not applicable.	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	LC₅₀ >20 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating.	
Serious eye damage/irritation		
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not irritating.	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Respiratory sensitisation	Not sensitising.	
Skin sensitisation		

Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.
Carcinogenicity	ана силана стала стал
Carcinogenicity	Carcinogenicity in humans is not expected.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Does not contain any substances known to be toxic to reproduction.
Specific target organ toxicit	y - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Overexposure to organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death.
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.
Inhalation	May cause respiratory system irritation.
Skin contact	Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin.
Route of exposure	Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
	PENTANE
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2.0
Species	Rat
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC∞ vapours mg/l)	25.3
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	25.3
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	

	Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
	Genotoxicity - in vivo	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
	Carcinogenicity	
	Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
	Reproductive toxicity	
	Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
	Specific target organ toxicit	ty - repeated exposure
	STOT - repeated exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
	Aspiration hazard	
	Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
	Eye contact	May cause discomfort.
SECTION 1	2: Ecological information	
Ecotoxicity		duct contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause n adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Ecological i	nformation on ingredients.	
	Hydr	ocarbons C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane
	Ecotoxicity	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	PETROLE	UM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS <0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE
	Ecotoxicity	Information given is based on product data, a knowledge of the components and the toxicology of similar products.
12.1. Toxici	ty	
Toxicity	Harmful	to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Ecological information on ingredients.		
	Hydr	rocarbons C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane
	Acute aquatic toxicity	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LL₅₀, 96 hours: 9.776 mg/l, Freshwater fish
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EL50, 48 hours: 3.0 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - microorganisms	NOEL, 48 hours: 8.483 mg/l, Tetrahymena pyriformis.
	microorganisms	NOEL, 48 hours: 8.483 mg/l, Tetrahymena pyriformis. UM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS <0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE
	microorganisms	

present a hazard due to its physical nature. Highly volatile.

PENTANE

	Acute aquatic t	oxicity	
	Acute toxicity -	fish	LC50, 96 hours: 4.26 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
	Acute toxicity - invertebrates	aquatic	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 2.7 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - plants	aquatic	NOEC, 72 hours: 7.51 mg/l, Freshwater algae EC₅₀, 72 hours: 10.7 mg/l, Freshwater algae
12.2. Persis	tence and degra	dability	
Persistence	and degradabili	ty Biodegra	adable in part only.
Ecological in	nformation on ing	gredients.	
		Hydr	ocarbons C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane
	Persistence an degradability	d	The product is biodegradable.
		PETROLE	JM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS <0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE
	Persistence an degradability	d	The product is readily biodegradable.
			PENTANE
	Densistence		The second set is big down do by Malatile and store and down do die the store where
	Persistence an degradability	a	The product is biodegradable. Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days.
12.3. Bioaco	cumulative poten	itial	
Bioaccumul	ative potential	No data	available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coe	efficient	Not avai	lable.
Ecological in	nformation on inc	gredients.	
		PETROLE	JM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS <0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE
	Bioaccumulativ	e potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely.
			PENTANE
	Bioaccumulativ	e potential	Not determined.
12.4. Mobili	ty in soil		
Mobility		The proc surfaces	duct contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all
Ecological in	nformation on ing	gredients.	
		Hydr	ocarbons C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane
	Mobility		The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.
		PETROLE	JM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS <0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE

Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate	
	easily from all surfaces.	
	PENTANE	
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvE	3 assessment	
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.	
Ecological information on ingre	edients.	
	Hydrocarbons C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	
Results of PBT ar assessment	nd vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.	
P	PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS <0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE	
Results of PBT an assessment	nd vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.	
	PENTANE	
assessment	nd vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.	
12.6. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	Not available.	
Ecological information on ingre	edients.	
	PENTANE	
Other adverse effects None known.		
SECTION 13: Disposal conside	lerations	
13.1. Waste treatment method	ls	
Disposal methods	Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.	
Waste class	16 05 04. 15 01 10. 15 01 04.	
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation	
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1950	
UN No. (IMDG)	1950	
UN No. (ICAO)	1950	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	e	

Proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
(ADR/RID)	

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS	Proper shipping	name (IMDG)	AEROSOLS
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Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class	2
ADR/RID label	2.1
IMDG class	2.1
ICAO class/division	2
ICAO subsidiary risk	2.1

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

Tunnel restriction code (D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Authorisations (Title VII Regulation 1907/2006)	No specific authorisations are known for this product.
Restrictions (Title VIII Regulation 1907/2006)	No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information		
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: Calculation method. STOT SE 3 - H336: Calculation method. Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411: Calculation method.	
Revision date	31/05/2018	
Revision	4	
Supersedes date	07/03/2016	
SDS number	20904	
Hazard statements in full	 H220 Extremely flammable gas. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 	

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.